

Report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003

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Directors

T C L Cary (Chairman & Managing)

JE Ellis (Technical)

JL A Cary (Non executive)

K T Shute (Finance)

R Cumming-Bruce (Non-executive)

Secretary and registered office

K T Shute, Virginia Villas, Hartley Wintney, Hampshire, RG27 8NW.

Company number

3663783

Auditors

BDO Stoy Hayward LLP, 8 Baker Street, London, W1U 3LL.



Chairman's statement

2003 was a difficult year for Getmapping. Although sales held up well, Getmapping could not generate sufficient funds to invest in renewing the Millennium Map on a national scale.

We therefore took action to reduce costs, increase flexibility and develop a sustainable business plan. I am happy to report that, as a result of these actions, Getmapping is now facing a much more certain future.

Financial results

The company's loss before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation improved to £185,000 (2002 - £1,036,000).

Loss on ordinary activities improved to £2,251,000 (2002 - £2,813,000) after providing £278,000 against the investment in Getmapping Espana S.L.

Sales

Sales were down 8% to £3,166,000 (2002 - £3,426,000) because

- the 2003 figures include only eleven months' offline sales of Millennium Map related products due to the sale of the Coalville business;
- sales of Domesday book facsimiles (which now form a very small part of our business) were £395,000 down on the previous year.

Sales of Millennium Map related products overall continued to grow in 2003 driven by

- Online sales: the company's website, www.getmapping.com, was extended and improved and the range of online products and services was enlarged such that sales increased month on month throughout the year.
- Offline sales: sales to the retail and education sectors increased significantly and commercial and local government sales held up well, but central government business was much lower.

Delisting from the Alternative Investment Market ('AIM')

At the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 28 October 2003 the shareholders gave their overwhelming approval for Getmapping to de-list from AIM. The delisting will result in substantial annual cost savings. But the most important benefit is the increased freedom it gives to Getmapping to restructure its business without undue costs and delays. This freedom has facilitated the sale of our Coalville business and the creation of The Getmapping Partnership.

For the benefit of shareholders post de-listing we arranged for the company's shares to be traded on a matched-bargin basis by two firms of stockbrokers whose details are listed on the Getmapping website under 'About Us/Investor'.



Chairman's statement (Continued)

Coalville

On 28 November 2003 Getmapping sold its production and off-line sales arm based at Coalville in Leicestershire to the Coalville management team. This business, now trading as Bluesky International Limited, acts as the major re-seller of Getmapping's data offline and as a preferred supplier of data processing and printing services. The purpose of the sale was to reduce Getmapping's cost base and to allow it to focus on its core online business and on the maintenance of the Millenium Map data.

Ordnance Survey ('OS')

In the 2003 interim results I reported that the Scotland Imagery contract with OS had run into difficulties and that we were finding it difficult to negotiate a contract with OS to act as a re-seller of its Imagery Layer. In February 2004 we signed a new contract with OS to fly 60,000 sq km of Scotland over two years at a new scale of 1:12,000. We are confident that the contract will be successful this time because the larger scale will provide higher quality imagery and OS has accredited the whole production process for the data.

Getmapping has also become a re-seller of OS's topographical mapping data, and we expect to launch the first completely online sales and delivery service for OS's large scale MasterMap data later in the summer.

However OS has been unable to appoint Getmapping (or any other company) as a re-seller of its Imagery Layer.

The Getmapping Partnership

In June 2004 Getmapping launched a new limited liability partnership trading as The Getmapping Partnership ('The GMP'), whose purpose is to maintain the Millennium Map on a national scale using the latest digital camera technology. The GMP members are Getmapping, Flight Images Limited, Geosense Limited and Systems Consultancy Services Limited. The GMP has ordered a Vexcel Ultracam D camera which is due for delivery in July. The camera will be flown in a dedicated Piper Chieftan aircraft operated by Flight Images and the resulting data will be processed by Geosense. Once processed, the data will become part of the Millennium Map and will be sold through the existing Getmapping sales channels. Systems Consultancy Services, the fourth partner, has special skills in the 3D visualisation of data using a new technology called NURBS. The NURBS viewer will be used as the basis of a number of new products and services to maximise the potential of the Millennium Map.

The GMP is an exciting new development for Getmapping because it ensures that the Millennium Map will be properly maintained. Getmapping has developed a strong brand name and a robust re-seller network for sales of the Millennium Map, and the greatest threat to the success of the business was that the Millennium Map sales would diminish as the data became older. The GMP plans to renew the Millennium Map (at least for England and Wales) on a three-year cycle with all urban areas at 10 cm resolution. This will ensure that customers have access to up-to-date and high quality imagery. Furthermore, we believe that the assurance that the Millennium Map will be fully maintained will enable a large number of large professional markets to adopt the Millennium Map as a core part of their business processes for the first time.

Getmapping is a 25% shareholder in The GMP and will also receive a commission for sales of the new data online. Thus the GMP arrangement is similar to the strategy being considered last year for Getmapping to rely increasingly on re-selling third party data, including the OS Imagery Layer, in return for a sales commission.



Chairman's statement (Continued)

NEXTMap Britain

Getmapping is the master reseller in the UK for NEXTMap Britain, the radar height model of Britain developed by Intermap Technologies Inc and launched in September 2003. It has taken longer than we anticipated for the potential users to appreciate the benefits of using the data but sales are now starting to build.

Overseas

Results from Getmapping Espana S.L. in 2003 were very disappointing and in June 2004 it became necessary to place the company into administration. We have therefore provided in full against the carrying value of the group's investment at a cost of £278,000.

Outlook

As a result of the restructuring of the business following the sale of the Coalville activity we are now operating with fewer staff and lower overheads. Trading results thus far in 2004 are in line with budget and we have managed to conserve our cash resources. Furthermore we now have the facility to update the Millennium Map without requiring additional finance.

Getmapping is the leading brand name in the UK aerial photography market and I am confident that we now have a good business model in place from which to build a profitable online geoinformation business.

Tristram Cary Chairman and Managing Director

7 July 2004



Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2003

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003.

Results and dividends

The consolidated profit and loss account is set out on page 9 and shows the result for the year.

The directors recommend that no dividend is paid (2002 - £Nil).

Principal activities, trading review and future developments

The principal activity of the company is the production and sale of UK aerial photography.

The directors' report should be read in conjunction with the Chairman's Statement which contains details of the company's trading during the year and an indication of future developments.

Capitalisation policy

Development costs relating to flying, photography, geo-correction, processing and delivery systems and the costs relating to the development of the Millennium and Digital editions of the Domesday Book are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. All development costs have been written off to the profit and loss account.

Policy on payment of creditors

The company agrees payment terms and conditions with individual suppliers which vary according to the commercial relationship and the terms of agreements reached. It is the policy of the company that wherever possible payments to suppliers are made in accordance with the terms agreed. The average number of days' purchases included within trade creditors for the company at the year end is 62 days (2002 - 73 days).

Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue operations for the foreseeable future. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Directors

The directors of the company during the year and their interests in the ordinary share capital of the company at 31 December 2003 were:

• •		Ordinary shares of 0.3p each	
		2003	2002
T C L Cary		4,080,533	4,080,533
J E Ellis		8,673	8673
JL A Cary		295,567	295,567
K T Shute		60,667	60,667
R J E d d y	(resigned 3 December 2003)	3,447	3,447
R Cumming-Bruce	, C	250,348	250,348
C A Joll	(resigned 31 December 2003)	<u>-</u>	-



ectors (Continued)					
		Share	options at		Price
		31 L	December	Exercise	
Directors	Scheme	2003	2002	period	P
T C L Cary	-	-	-	_	
JE Ellis	Unapproved	227,728	227,728	01/01/02-31/12/09	13.17365
	A pproved	87,500	87,500	26/03/04-25/03/11	21.0
	Approved	14,000	14,000	03/05/05-02/05/12	10.5
JL A Cary	Approved	50,000	50,000	16/10/04-15/10/11	16.5
K T Shute	Unapproved	167,000	167,000	01/01/02-31/12/09	13.17365
	A pproved	95,000	95,000	26/03/04-25/03/11	21.0
	Approved	15,000	15,000	03/05/05-02/05/12	10.5
R J E d d y	Unapproved	7,500	7,500	10/01/04-09/01/11 *	37.5
Ž	A pproved	80,000	80,000	10/01/04-09/01/11 *	37.5
	Unapproved	31,000	31,000	03/05/05-02/05/12 *	10.5
R Cumming-Bruce	-	-	-	-	
C A Joll	_	_	_	-	_

^{*} The share options of R J Eddy lapsed on 2 June 2004 as a result of her resignation as a director.

Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and group and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2003 (Continued)

Auditors

On 31 December 2003, BDO Stoy Hayward, the company's auditors, transferred its business to BDO Stoy Hayward LLP, a limited liability partnership incorporated under the Limited Liability Partnerships Act 2000. Accordingly BDO Stoy Hayward resigned as auditors on that date and the directors appointed BDO Stoy Hayward LLP as its successor. A resolution to reappoint BDO Stoy Hayward LLP as auditors will be proposed at the next annual general meeting.

By order of the Board

K T Shute

Secretary

7 July 2004

To the shareholders of Getmapping plc

We have audited the financial statements of Getmapping plc for the year ended 31 December 2003 on pages 9 to 26 which have been prepared under the accounting policies set out on pages 12 to 14.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Our report has been prepared pursuant to the requirements of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. No person is entitled to rely on this report unless such a person is a person entitled to rely upon this report by virtue of and for the purpose of the Companies Act 1985 or has been expressly authorised to do so by our prior written consent. Save as above, we do not accept responsibility for this report to any other person or for any other purpose and we hereby expressly disclaim any and all such liability.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.



Report of the independent auditors (Continued)

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the affairs of the company and the group as at 31 December 2003 and of the loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

BDO STOY HAYWARD LLP Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors London

7 July 2004

Consolidated profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2003

	Note	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Turnover	2	3,166	3,426
Cost of sales		(725)	(574)
Gross profit		2,441	2,852
Administrative expenses - normal - exceptional	4	(4,422) (278)	(5,210) (475)
Operating loss	4	(2,259)	(2,833)
Interest receivable Interest payable	5	8	32 (12)
Loss on ordinary activities before and after taxation	1	(2,251)	(2,813)

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

The notes on pages 12 to 26 form part of these financial statements.



All recognised gains and losses are included in the profit and loss account.

There are no movements in shareholders' funds in the current and prior year apart from the loss for the year.

Balance sheet at 31 December 2003

Note	2003 £'000	2003 £'000	2002 £'000	2002 £'000
10		2,725		3,985
11				279
		2,725		4,264
	-			
13				
	224		908	
	643		1,707	
14	544		1,033	
		99		674
		2,824		4,938
16		87		87
16		12,429		12,429
		(9,692)		(7,578)
		2,824		4,938
	10 11 12 13	£'000 10 11 12 13 419 224 643 14 544	£'000 £'000 10	£'000 £'000 £'000 10 2,725 11

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 7 July 2004.

T C L Cary Chairman & Managing Director

The notes on pages 12 to 26 form part of these financial statements.



Consolidated cash flow statement for the year ended 31 December 2003

	Note	2003 £'000	2003 £'000	2002 £'000	2002 £'000
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	18		162		(446)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received Interest paid		8 -		32 (12)	
Net cash inflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance			8		20
Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of tangible fixed assets Sale of tangible fixed assets		(720) 41		(909) -	
Net cash outflow from capital expenditure and financial investment			(679)		(909)
Financing Capital element of finance lease payments Repayment of shareholder loans		- (175)		(10)	
Cash outflow from financing			(175)		(10)
Decrease in cash in year	19,20		(684)		(1,345)

The notes on pages 12 to 26 form part of these financial statements.



1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the results of Getmapping plc and its subsidiary undertaking as at 31 December 2003 using the acquisition method of accounting. The results of the subsidiary undertaking are included from the date of acquisition.

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a subsidiary undertaking is the difference between the fair value of the consideration paid and the fair value of the assets and liabilities acquired. It is capitalised and amortised through the profit and loss account over 4 years. Impairment tests on the company's value of goodwill are undertaken:

- at the end of the first full financial year following acquisition;
- in other periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Turnover

Turnover represents sales to outside customers at invoiced amounts less value added tax.

Fixed assets

Costs relating to flying, photography, geo-correction, processing, delivery systems and the development of the Millenium and Digital editions of the Domesday Book are capitalised as tangible fixed assets if they are expected to be held by the business in order to generate or supply goods or services for the company in the future.

Website costs

Website development costs have been capitalised as tangible fixed assets where they relate to an enduring asset. Website planning and maintenance costs are charged to the profit and loss account when they are incurred.

Impairment of fixed assets and goodwill

The need for any fixed asset impairment write down is assessed by comparison of the carrying value of the asset against the higher of realisable value and value in use.



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003 (Continued)

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost, less estimated residual values, of all fixed assets over their expected useful lives. It is calculated at the following rates:

A erial photography/digital imaging

Website

Domesday Book development costs Plant, machinery and equipment

Fixtures and fittings

- over 4 years on a straight line basis

- over 4 years on a straight line basis

over 4 years on a straight line basisover 3 years on a straight line basis

- over 3 years on a straight line basis

Share option schemes

A charge is made to the profit and loss account and a reserve created in capital and reserves to record the fair values of shares conditionally awarded under the share option schemes in accordance with UITF Abstract 17.

Leased assets

Where assets are financed by leasing agreements that give rights approximating to ownership, 'finance leases', the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright. The amount capitalised is the present value of the minimum lease payments payable during the lease term. The corresponding leasing commitments are shown as amounts payable to the lessor. Depreciation on the relevant assets is charged to the profit and loss account.

Lease payments are split between capital and interest using the actuarial method. The interest is charged to the profit and loss account. The capital part reduces the amounts payable to the lessor.

All other leases are treated as 'operating leases'. Their annual rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Stocks

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Cost includes all direct expenditure.



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003 (Continued)

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated, but not reversed, by the balance sheet date except for deferred tax assets which are only recognised to the extent that the company anticipates making sufficient taxable profits in the future to absorb the reversal of the underlying timing differences.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not discounted.

Pensions

Payments are made to defined contribution schemes of individual employees, and amounts are written off to the profit and loss account.

Foreign currency

Foreign currencies transactions are translated at the rate ruling when they occurred. Other monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the year end rates, the exchange differences arising being taken to the profit and loss account.

2 Turnover, profit/(loss) and net assets

	$T\iota$	ırnover
	2003	2002
	£'000	£'000
By destination:		
United Kingdom	2,956	3,190
Overseas	210	236
	3,166	3,426

2 Turnover, profit/(loss) and net assets (Continued)

		T	nover		e tax	λſ	et assets
		2003	10ver 2002	2003	t/(loss) 2002	2003	ei asseis 2002
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	By class of business:						
	A erial photography and digital imaging Domesday	3,125 41	2,990 436	(2,267) 16	(2,835) 22	2,757 67	4,760 178
		3,166	3,426	(2,251)	(2,813)	2,824	4,938
3	Employees					2003	2002
	G. (f)					£'000	£'000
	Staff costs consist of:						
	Wages and salaries					1,086	1,182
	Social security costs					124	132
	Other pension costs					61	66
						1,271	1,380
	The average monthly nu		oyees (includ	ing executive	directors)		
	during the year was as fo	ollows:				Number	Number
	Technical					12	8
	Production					15	18
	Sales and administration	1				23	34
						50	60



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003 (Continued)

Operating loss		
	2003	2002
	£'000	£'000
This is arrived at after charging/(crediting):		
Amortisation	137	75
Depreciation - owned assets	1,937	1,702
- leased assets	-	20
Auditors' remuneration - audit services	17	16
- non-audit services	29	42
Hire of other assets - operating leases	-	27
Development costs	81	329
Profit on disposal of business operations	(26)	_
Legal settlement - exceptional	· -	125
Trade investment provision - exceptional (see below)	278	350

The company has made a provision against the carrying value of its investment in Getmapping Espana S.L. as since the year end the shareholders of Getmapping Espana S.L. have decided to place the company into administration.

5 Interest payable

	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Other	-	12

6 Taxation on profit from ordinary activities

There is no tax charge for either the current or prior year. The factors affecting the tax charge for the year are explained below:

	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(2,251)	(2,813)
Loss on ordinary activities at standard rate of UK corporation tax of 30% (2002 - 30%)	(675)	(844)
Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Depreciation for period in excess of capital allowances Tax losses carried forward	198 327 150	173 245 426
Tax charge		-

Deferred taxation

The company has tax losses of approximately £8,750,000 (2002 - £8,260,000) available for offset against future taxable profits. As the recoverability of the amount in the foreseeable future is uncertain, the potential deferred tax asset has not been recognised.



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003 (Continued)

7	Directors' emoluments	2003	2002
	Directors' emoluments consist of:	£'000	£'000
	Fees and other emoluments A mounts paid to personal pension schemes	311 22	329 22
		333	351
	Emoluments of the highest paid director:		
	Emoluments	95	95
	A mounts paid to personal pension schemes	7	7

There were 4 (2002 - 4) directors for whom amounts were paid into private personal defined contributions schemes.

Details of directors' share options are set out on page 5.

8 Loss for the financial year

The company has taken advantage of the exemption allowed under Section 230 of the Companies Act 1985 and has not presented its own profit and loss account in these financial statements. The group loss for the year includes a loss after tax and after dividends receivable of £2,114,000 (2002 - £2,738,000) which is dealt with in the financial statements of the parent company.



9	Intangible fixed assets Group	Goodwill on consolidation £'000
	Cost	
	At 1 January 2003	299
	A dditions	-
	Disposals	(299)
	At 31 December 2003	-
	Amortisation	
	At 1 January 2003	162
	Charge for year	137
	Disposals	(299)
	At 31 December 2003	
	Net book value	
	At 31 December 2003	-
	At 31 December 2002	137



Getm apping plc

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003 (Continued)

10 Tangible fixed assets	A erial photography/ digital imaging £'000	Website £'000	Domesday Book development costs £'000	Plant, machinery and equipment £'000	Fixtures and fittings £'000	Total £'000
Cost At 1 January 2003	6,371	556	445	460	50	7,882
Additions	687	15	-	15	3	720
Disposals	-	-	-	(304)	(23)	(327)
At 31 December 2003	7,058	571	445	171	30	8,275
Depreciation						
At 1 January 2003	3,100	223	267	273	34	3,897
Charge for year	1,539	109	111	157	21	1,937
Disposals	-	-	-	(259)	(25)	(284)
At 31 December 2003	4,639	332	378	171	30	5,550
Net book value At 31 December 2003	2,419	239	67	-		2,725
At 31 December 2002	3,271	333	178	187	16	3,985

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003 (Continued)

11 Fixed asset investment

	Shares in subsidiary £'000	Trade investments £'000	Total £'000
Cost At 1 January 2003 and 31 December 2003	656	628	1,284
Provision At 1 January 2003 Increase during the year	655 1	350 278	1,005 279
At 31 December 2003	656	628	1,284
Net book value At 31 December 2003	-	-	-
At 31 December 2002	1	278	279

Trade investments

Name	Country of incorporation	Proportion of voting rights	Nature of business
Getmapping Espana S.L.	Spain	20.26%	A erial mapping and digital imaging

Since the year end the shareholders of Getmapping Espana S.L. have decided to place the company into administration.



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003 (Continued)

12	Stocks and work in progress		
		2003 £'000	2002 £'000
	Finished goods Work in progress	- -	115 21
13	Debtors		
		2003 £'000	2002 £'000
	Trade debtors Other debtors	251 132	620 28
	Prepayments and accrued income	36	15
		419	663

All amounts shown under debtors fall due for payment within one year except for £83,750 which is due after more than one year (2002 - £27,500).

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003 (Continued)

14 Cred	itors: amounts falling due within one year		
	, ,	2003	2002
		£'000	£'000
$L\epsilon$	ans from shareholders	-	175
T_{I}	ade creditors	270	473
C_i	editors for taxation and social security	16	51
A	ccruals and deferred income	258	334
			
		544	1,033

The loans were secured by way of a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company and attracted no interest until 25 January 2003. The loans were repaid on 25 January 2003.

15 Operating leases

As at 31 December 2003, the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below:

	2003	2003	2002	2002
	Land and		Land and	
	buildings	Other	buildings	Other
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Operating leases which expire:				
Within one year	-	-	20	2
In one to two years	55	4	-	5
In two to five years	-	-	68	-



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003 (Continued)

16	•	hare premium account		Nominal	
	Share capital		Number	value in pence	£'000
	Authorised - ordi As at 1 January 2	nary shares 003 and 31 December 2003	50,000,000	0.3	150
		p and fully paid - ordinary s 003 and 31 December 2003		0.3	87
	Share premium	account			£'000
	As at 1 January 2	003 and 31 December 2003			12,429
	Share options			=	
	Employee and for	rmer employee unapproved	share option scheme		
	Date of grant	Number of shares	Period of option	Option price	
	2000	835,544	2 to 10 years	13.17365p	
	2001	30,000	3 to 10 years	37.5p	
	2002	31,000	3 to 10 years	10.5p	
	Employee and for	rmer employee approved sh	are option scheme		
	Date of grant	Number of shares	Period of option	Option price	
	2001	315,000	3 to 10 years	37.5p	
	2001	274,375	3 to 10 years	21.0p	
	2001	50,000	3 to 10 years	16.5p	
	2002	29,000	3 to 10 years	10.5p	
	2002	175,141	3 to 10 years	9.25p	

17 Related party transactions

In 2003 £6,066 (2002 - £11,074) was paid for financial public relations services to MJ2 Limited of which CA Joll is a director.

In 2003 £Nil (2002 - £15,000) for management services was paid to Seed Capital Limited of which JLA Cary is a director.

Included within sales is an amount of £69,880 (2002 - £152,560) for sales made to Getmapping Espana S.L. At the year end an amount of £52,248 (2002 - £62,441) remained unpaid and is included in trade debtors. £22,805 (2002 - Nil) has been provided against this debt.

18 Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Operating loss	(2,259)	(2,833)
Amortisation of goodwill	137	75
Depreciation	1,937	1,722
Decrease/(increase) in stocks	136	(71)
Decrease in debtors	244	446
Decrease in creditors	(312)	(128)
Decrease in provision	-	(7)
Provision against investments	279	350
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	162	(446)
19 Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net funds	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Decrease in cash in the year	(684)	(1,345)
Cash outflow from decrease in finance leases	-	10
Repayment of shareholder loans	175	
Change in net funds from cash flows	(509)	(1,335)
Shareholders' loans becoming due within one year	· -	(50)
Net funds at start of the year	733	2,118
Net funds at end of the year	224	733



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003 (Continued)

20 Analysis of net funds	At start of year £'000	Cashflow £'000	At end of year £'000
Cash in hand and at bank Debt due after one year	908 (175)	(684) 175	224
Total	733	(509)	224

